

Good Practices for Attracting Citations

Citations to research publications are often used as an indicator of research quality. This makes them important for both your research career and for the University. Following these good practice suggestions may help your publications attract citations.

Writing for publication

Writing well help readers to find your publication, see that it is relevant to their needs, and recognise the quality of your research. The title and abstract are particularly important for this. Optimise for both search engines and human readers. Ask colleagues for feedback.

Characteristics of an effective **title**:

- Clearly describes the substance of the work: what is your argument? What have you found out?
- Includes the most important keywords for your research: search engines give most weight to publication titles.
- Short, with the most important keywords near the beginning. If a list of search results shows only the beginning of the title, will readers still be able to see the relevance of your work?
- Avoid beginning with creative literary/pop-culture allusions or puns (e.g. 'To be or not to be'). These don't tell the reader or search engines what your research is about.

Characteristics of an effective **abstract** are:

- Accurately summarises the publication, clearly setting out the significance, originality and rigour of your research.
- Rich in strong keywords. What keywords and phrases would readers interested in your research use to search?
- If your research is relevant to more than one discipline, make sure you cover the vocabularies used by all relevant disciplines.
- Avoid keywords or phrases that are too broad (i.e. would return an unmanageable number of results) or too narrow (e.g. technical terms and abbreviations that readers interested in your research might not be familiar with).
- Repeat the most important keywords or phrases a few times – search engines give more weight to repeated phrases - but make sure the abstract still flows well for human readers.

Choosing where to publish

- ✓ Submit your work to reputable journals / conferences / publishers that are widely read and cited. See our *Which journal?* guide: <https://library.bath.ac.uk/research-analytics>
- ✓ Make your publication open access, i.e. freely available for everyone to read online. See: <https://library.bath.ac.uk/open-access>

Getting the credit

It is important to give your **affiliation** clearly in publications. Use the format:

Name, Research group/centre (if applicable), Department/School, University of Bath,
Bath, BA2 7AY, UK.

Use **ORCID** to distinguish yourself from other researchers with similar names. An ORCID is a unique, persistent identifier for an individual researcher. Register for an ORCID at <https://orcid.org>

Promote your research

Promote your work by presenting at conferences, seminars and workshops, particularly around the time of publication. Share your key research findings by engaging with the media, policy makers and/or industry. Use the internet and social media to expose your research to the widest possible audience. The Research Marketing Team can help you develop a communication plan for your research and put you in contact with the right people to deliver it, see:

<http://www.bath.ac.uk/marketing/teams-services/research-marketing/>

Collaborate

Citation analysis suggests that who you publish with can affect how much your publications are cited. In general, co-authored publications are cited more than single author publications and internationally co-authored publications are cited more on average than single-country publications.

For help, contact:

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